[Handout #6] What the Research Tells Us: 8 Tips for Parenting, Stepparenting and Discipline in Stepfamilies

For more details and for citations see Papernow (2013), Surviving and Thriving in Stepfamily Relationships: What Works and What Doesn't. And: From Dating to Getting Serious to Forming a "Blended Family" (Bonnell & Papernow, 2019).

1. For many children, becoming a stepfamily is harder, and takes more time, than divorce. Age and gender make a difference:

- Stepfamilies are generally easier for children under eight, and for boys.
- They are generally harder for girls (including, by the way, adult daughters of older recoupling dads).
- Stepfamilies are especially hard for young teen girls.
- If the transition was relatively fast, or children are especially vulnerable (lots of losses, tight loyalty binds, more sensitive temperament, less solid relationship with parent, hostile stepparent), becoming a stepfamily may be extra hard.

2. Hands down, "authoriTATIVE parenting" is best for children on very measure imaginable. Authoritative parenting is both loving *and* firm.

- Loving: Authoritative parents are responsive, warm, and empathic.
- Firm: AND authoritative parents calmly set moderately firm limits.
 They make "developmentally appropriate demands for maturity."

3. Stepfamilies seem to divide parents and stepparents around discipline.

- Stepparents everywhere seem to want more limits and boundaries with their stepchildren.
- Parents everywhere seem to want more loving and understanding for their children.
- When this goes well, stepparents help pull parents "UP" toward more firmness. Parents help stepparents pull "OVER" toward more softness.
- When it goes badly, increasingly painful cycles of "polarization polka."

4. Parents need to retain the disciplinary role with their own children.

 Until and unless stepparents have forged a caring, trusting relationship with kids, parents need to retain the disciplinary role.

- Once stepparents have forged a caring relationship, they can move slowly into an authoritaTATIVE (loving and moderately firm) disciplinary role. This very often takes years (not months)!
- More likely with younger kids (eight and under) than with older kids.
- In many (successful) stepfamilies stepparents do not have a disciplinary role.

5. AuthoriTARIAN parenting by a stepparent is almost always toxic.

- Authoritarian parenting is hard (not loving or empathic).
- Authoritarian parenting often uses negative labels ("You're lazy." "You're a brat.") It makes harsh demands ("Takeout the trash right now.")

6. The guideline for stepparents is, "connection before correction."

- "Relationships before rules." Concentrate on getting to know stepkids. Not controlling them. (Can be hard if kids' behavior is irritating/they're distant!)
- Research: Warm stepparent-child relationships make a big difference! They are linked to psychological, behavioral, academic, and physical well-being in kids.
 And to happier stepcouple relationships and higher stepfamily cohesion.
- Positive stepparent behaviors include: Openness, flexibility, warmth. Take an interest in kids. When there is conflict, constructive communication.
- Spend 1 to 1 time with kids, without their parent. Find easy fun things you both like to do: Make a favorite food. Shoot baskets. Do a woodworking project.
- Good stepparent roles: Like an aunt or uncle, or adult friend.

7. Meanwhile, stepparents have input, parents have final say.

- Successful stepcouples *do* work as a team.
- Often stepparents can help parents to firm up a bit. Parents can help stepparents to understand their children better.
- Stepparents can practice "monitoring" (James Bray). Check in with kids (vs Control them): "How's math going?" Notice what kids are doing. Report concerns to parents. "Looks like Janie is having trouble getting her math homework done."

8. Successful stepcouples face the same challenges that struggling ones do.

- Struggling stepcouples criticize and/or avoid. (Gottman's "Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse: Criticism, Defensiveness, Contempt, and Stonewalling.)
- Successful stepcouples communicate about parenting differences with kindness and caring.
- They use a "soft start up" (Soft/Hard/Soft is a good tool for this)
- They repair when there is a glitch. "Ooops. Sorry. I was sharp!"